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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/843,102	04/24/2001	John D. DeTreville	MS1-718US	1064
22801	7590 . 12/12/2005		EXAMINER	
LEE & HAYES PLLC			HENNING, MATTHEW T	
421 W RIVE SPOKANE,	RSIDE AVENUE SUITE WA 99201	500	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
,			2131	
			DATE MAILED: 12/12/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

• i.	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Advisory Action	09/843,102	DETREVILLE, JOHN D.	
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Matthew T. Henning	2131	,
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence addi	ress
THE REPLY FILED 21 November 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THI		•	
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or o this application, applicant must timely file one of the folloplaces the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in comp following time periods: The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of 	n the same day as filing a Notice of pwing replies: (1) an amendment, a ptice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in liance with 37 CFR 1.114. The replied the final rejection.	f Appeal. To avoid ab ffidavit, or other evide compliance with 37 C ly must be filed within	ence, which CFR 41.31; or one of the
 The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advevent, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later the Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b) 	an SIX MONTHS from the mailing date o	f the final rejection.	
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension a CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened stabove, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three month earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	and the corresponding amount of the fee atutory period for reply originally set in the	The appropriate extension final Office action; or (2)	n fee under 37 as set forth in (b)
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in com of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any e Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be AMENDMENTS 	xtension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal o	f the appeal.
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection,	but prior to the date of filing a brie	f, will <u>not</u> be entered b	ecause
(a) They raise new issues that would require further co	,	TE below);	
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo	•		
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in begappeal; and/or	tter form for appeal by materially re	educing or simplifying	the issues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a	corresponding number of finally re	iected claims.	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	-	•	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		ompliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
5. 🔲 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s			
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a the non-allowable claim(s). 	llowable if submitted in a separate	, timely filed amendm	ent canceling
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: <u>None</u> .		ill be entered and an o	explanation of
Claim(s) objected to: <u>None</u> .			
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-17 and 20-52</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, b because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessare. 10. The affidavit and the pridate as is cartered. As a supposed to the pridate as is cartered.	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe y and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fai See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(ils to provide a 1).
 The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 	on of the status of the claims after e	entry is below or attac	nea.
 The request for reconsideration has been considered by <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u> 	ut does NOT place the application i	n condition for allowa	nce because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper	No(s)	
13. Other:	\cap	0 0	
	C _p	may Examinar 102131 219105	
	1	219/05	

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The information disclosure statement filed 11/21/2005 fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.97(d) because it lacks the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(p). Furthermore, prosecution is closed and the IDS will be considered upon RCE. The IDS has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered.

Regarding applicant's argument that the combination of van Zoest and Cooper would result in always rendering the content, the examiner does not find the argument persuasive. The applicant has mischaracterized the combination. The combination would not create an either or situation as the applicant has stated, but instead would create a situation where both "tests" would need to pass in order to access the content. In this case, the system would compare the content to a database of known content to determine whether the user was in possession of the physical work (See van Zoest Col. 5 Paragraph 3). Then the system, as taught by Cooper, would compare the content with database of content currently being used by other users to determine whether the content was a duplicate. If the content was a duplicate, it would not be rendered, thereby protecting against the use of duplicate copies of the content as taught by Cooper (See Cooper Paragraph 0124). As such, the two comparisons are used together and produce a more secure result, and the system would play the content only if it was recognized content, and not content currently being played by another user. Therefore, the examiner does not find the argument persuasive.

Regarding applicant's argument that the license system of Fucarile would not be performed in addition to the comparison of van Zoest and therefore would be nonsensical to make the combination, the examiner does not find the argument persuasive. Once again, the applicant has mischaracterized the rejection. In this case, the system would compare the content to a database of known content to determine whether the user was in possession of the physical work (See van Zoest Col. 5 Paragraph 3). Then, as taught by Fucarile, because possession of the content should not necessarily grant authorization to use the content, the content license would be verified. If the content license was verified, the content could be used, otherwise not. This is a very simple idea and the combination makes sense because van Zoest determines possession of the content, and Fucarile determines how the possessed content may be used based on the license. As such, the combination makes sense, and contrary to the applicant's argument, the teachings of Fucarile would be performed in addition to the determination of possession of van Zoest. Therefore, the examiner does not find the argument persuasive.